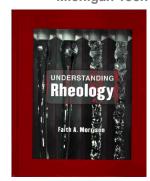
CM4650 Polymer Rheology

CM4650 Polymer Rheology Michigan Tech



Professor Faith A. Morrison

Department of Chemical Engineering Michigan Technological University



Text:

Faith A. Morrison, Understanding Rheology (Oxford University Press, 2001)

Errata: www.chem.mtu.edu/~fmorriso/cm4650/URerrata.html

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EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Important: The Michigan Bureau of Fire Services has adopted new rules for colleges and universities effective 2015

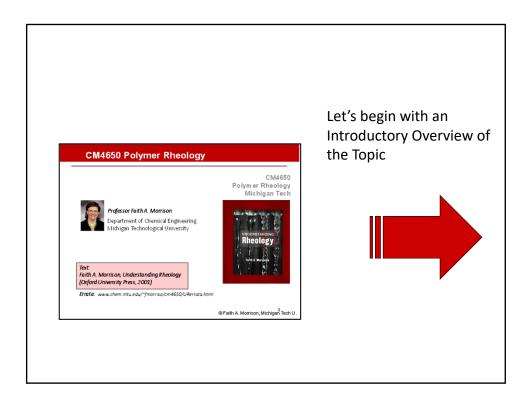


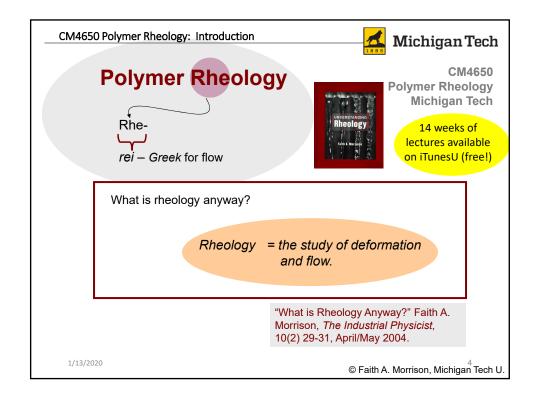
- 2. In lieu of fire drills in other university buildings all faculty and instructional staff are required to do the following on the first day of class:
 - Explain the university fire evacuation procedures to the class (see below).
- Explain the locations of the primary and secondary exit routes for your class location.
- Explain your designated safe location where the class will meet after evacuating the building.
- 3. The class instructor is responsible for directing the class during a building evacuation.

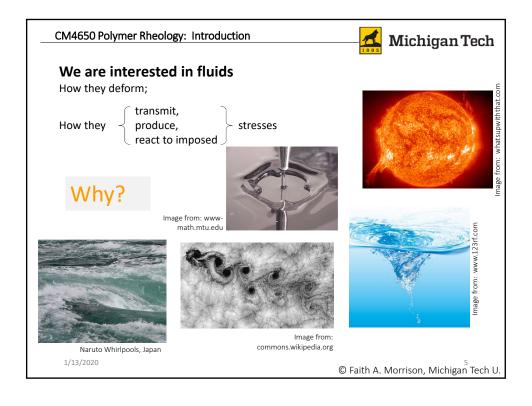
General evacuation procedure:

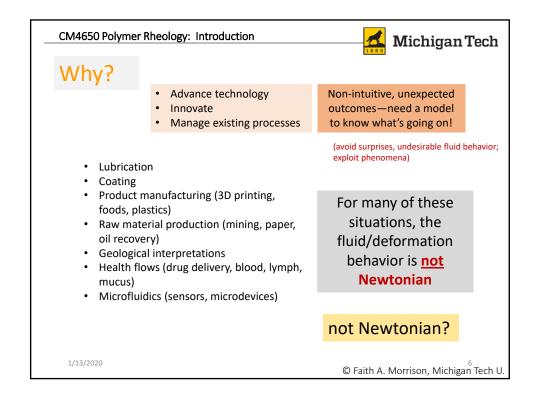
- Use the nearest safe exit route to exit the building. The nearest safe exit from room 19-104A is the front (south) entrance that is close to the MUB circle. The secondary exit is in the middle of the building, either the west or east entrance (both are equally close).
- Close all doors on the way out to prevent the spread of smoke and fire.
- After exiting, immediately proceed to a safe location at least 100 feet from the building. Our designated safe location is at the mailbox near the entrance to parking lot 12 (near the MUB small parking lot).
- Do not re-enter the building until the all-clear is given by Public Safety or the fire department.

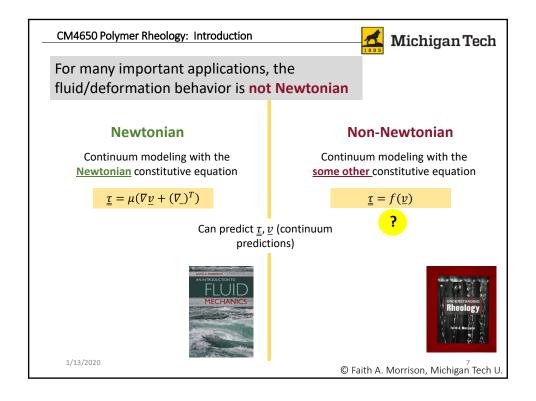
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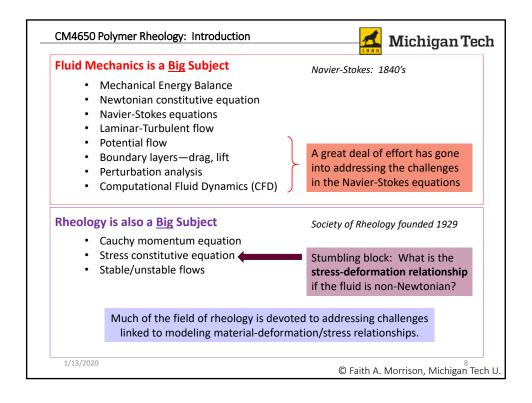




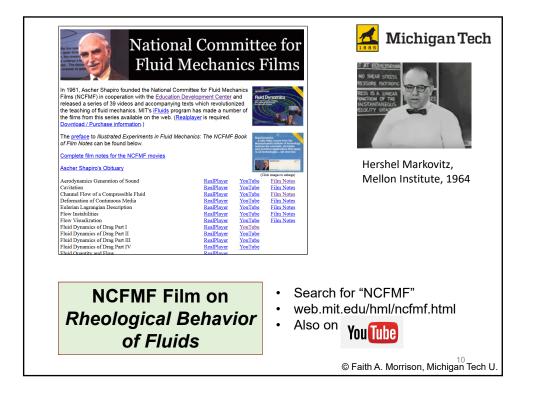


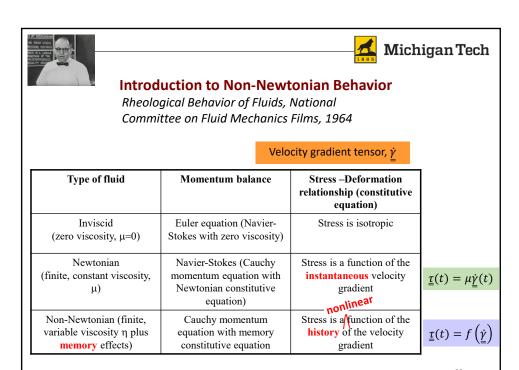


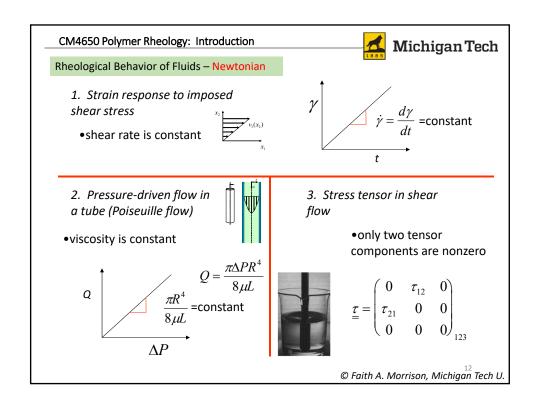


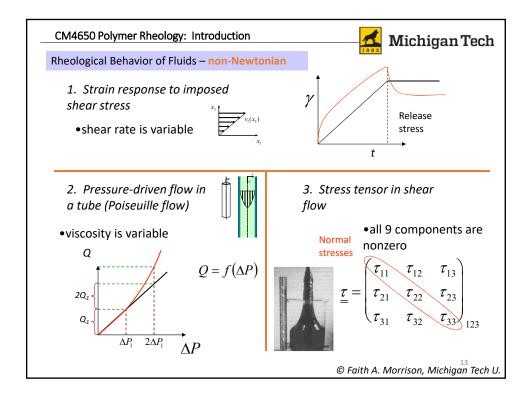


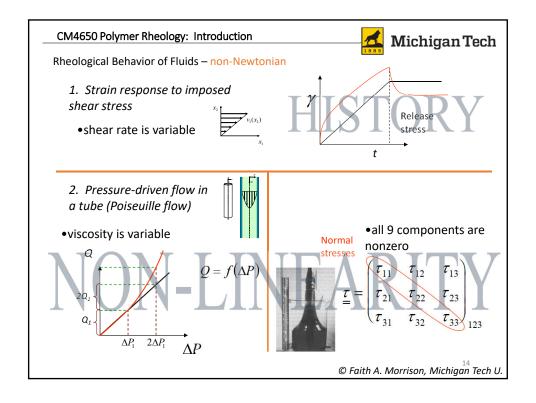












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Examples from the film of

Dependence on the history of the deformation gradient

- Polymer fluid pours, but springs back
- Elastic ball bounces, but flows if given enough time
- Steel ball dropped in polymer solution "bounces"
- Polymer solution in concentric cylinders has fading memory
- Quantitative measurements in concentric cylinders show memory and need a finite time to come to steady state

Non-linearity of the function

$$\underline{\tau} = f(\dot{\gamma})$$

- Polymer solution draining from a tube is first slower, then faster than a Newtonian fluid
- Double the static head on a draining tube, and the flow rate does not necessarily double (as it does for Newtonian fluids); sometimes more than doubles, sometimes less
- •Normal stresses in shear flow
- •Die swell

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NCFM Film on Rheological Behavior of Fluids

- Search for NCFMF
- web.mit.edu/hml/ncfmf.html







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Introduction to Non-Newtonian Behavior

Rheological Behavior of Fluids, National Committee on Fluid Mechanics Films, 1964

Velocity gradient tensor, $\dot{\gamma}$

Type of fluid	Momentum balance	Stress –Deformation relationship (constitutive equation)	
Inviscid (zero viscosity, μ=0)	Euler equation (Navier- Stokes with zero viscosity)	Stress is isotropic	
Newtonian (finite. constant viscosity, µ)	Navier-Stokes (Cauchy momentum equation with Newtonian constitutive equation)	Stress is a function of the instantaneous velocity gradient	
Non-Newtonian (finite, variable viscosity η plus memory effects)	Cauchy momentum equation with memory constitutive equation	Stress is a function of the history of the velocity gradient	

 $\underline{\underline{\underline{r}}}(t) = \mu \underline{\underline{\dot{r}}}(t)$

 $\underline{\underline{\tau}}(t) = f\left(\underline{\dot{\gamma}}\right)$

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Carefully designed experiments to distinguish material behavior



