

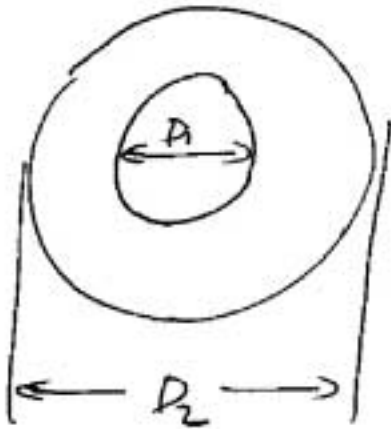
(non circular)

(1)

CM3110

10-7-03

a) CALC D_H FOR ANNULUS



$$D_1 = 2R_1$$

$$D_2 = 2R_2$$

$$D_H = 4 \frac{\text{cross-sectional area}}{\text{wetted perimeter}}$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{\cancel{\pi}R_2^2 - \cancel{\pi}R_1^2}{2\cancel{\pi}R_1 + 2\cancel{\pi}R_2} \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{R_2^2 - R_1^2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) = 2 \left(\frac{(R_2 - R_1)(\cancel{R_2 + R_1})}{\cancel{R_2 + R_1}} \right)$$

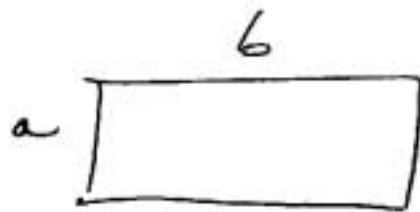
$$= 2R_2 - 2R_1$$

$$\boxed{D_H = D_2 - D_1}$$

(noncircular)

②

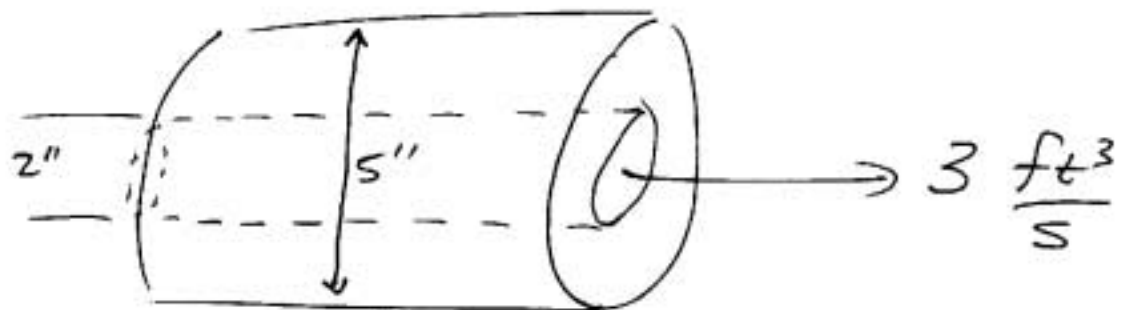
⑥ CALC D_H FOR RECTANGULAR DUCT.



$$D_H = 4 \left(\frac{ab}{2a + 2b} \right)$$

$$D_H = \frac{2ab}{a+b}$$

⑦ WHAT IS $\frac{\Delta P}{L}$ FOR FLOW IN ANNULUS?



$$D_H = 5 - 2 = 3 \text{ in}$$

(noncircular)

3

$$\langle V \rangle = \frac{Q}{A}$$

$$= \frac{3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{\frac{\pi}{4} (D_2^2 - D_1^2)}$$

$$= \left(3 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}} \right) \frac{4}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{5^2 - 2^2} \right) \left(\frac{12 \text{ in}}{\text{ft}} \right)^2$$

$$\langle V \rangle = 26.2 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho V D_H}{\mu} = \frac{(62.4)(26.2)\left(\frac{3}{12}\right)}{6.72 \times 10^{-4}}$$

$$Re = 6.08 \times 10^5$$

definition of f
in pipe w $D \rightarrow D_H$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{L} \text{ comes from } f = \frac{\Delta P}{L} \frac{D_H}{2} \frac{1}{\rho V^2}$$

f comes from correlation (for pipe)

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = 4 \log_{10} Re \sqrt{f} - 0.4$$

(non circular)

(4)

D _H =	0.25 ft	
density=	62.4 lbm/ft ³	
viscosity=	6.72E-04 lbm/fts	
v=	2.62E+01	
Re=	6.08E+05	
guess f=	0.00318	
1/sqrt(f)=	1.77E+01	from correlation
f=	0.00318	calculated friction factor
Delta P/L=	1.09E+03 lbm/s ² ft ²	
Delta P/L=	1.96E-02 lbf/in ³	

$4 \log_{10} Re \sqrt{f_{guess}} - 0.4$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{L} = \frac{2 f \rho v^2}{D_H}$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{L} = 1.96 \times 10^{-2} \text{ psi/in}$$