

# Embera Puru Water Supply



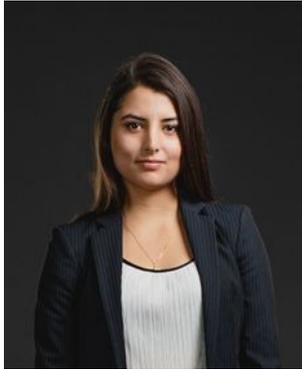
*To improve quality of life: one community, one design, and one drop of water at a time.*



**Michigan Tech**



# Team Introductions



**Victoria Quinde**

*ME Student  
Project Manager*



**Ross Hogan**

*ME Student  
Applications Engineer*



**Kelsey Fournier**

*CEE Student  
Technical Writer*

- Project Introduction
- Site Assessment Phase
- Design Phase
- Planning Phase
- Challenges
- Looking Forward
- Questions



# Introduction - Community Background

- Darien Province, Panama
- Located along Pan-American Highway
- Indigenous Community
  - Reservation Area: ~ 32 mi<sup>2</sup> of land
  - Population: 318 people



Photograph by Author

Cultural Event at Embera Puru



Photograph from Google Maps

# Introduction - Problem Definition

- 81% of Indigenous Territories are Extreme Poverty Level
- End of Functioning System
  - Wet Season: Water 1-2 days/week
  - Dry Season: No water!
- Population Growth
- Increase in Demand



*Spring defined as potential source: "Source 1"*

# Introduction - Project Background

- **Goal:** Provide potable water to meet water demand of 20-year projected population
- **Project Stakeholders:**
  - Community Members
  - Footprint Possibilities Panama
  - Global Brigades Panama
- **Access to water:** 74 faucets
  - 3 community buildings
  - 1 school (5 taps)
  - 63 homes (Average 4 people per house)



# Introduction - Site Overview



# Site Assessment Phase



# Existing Conditions

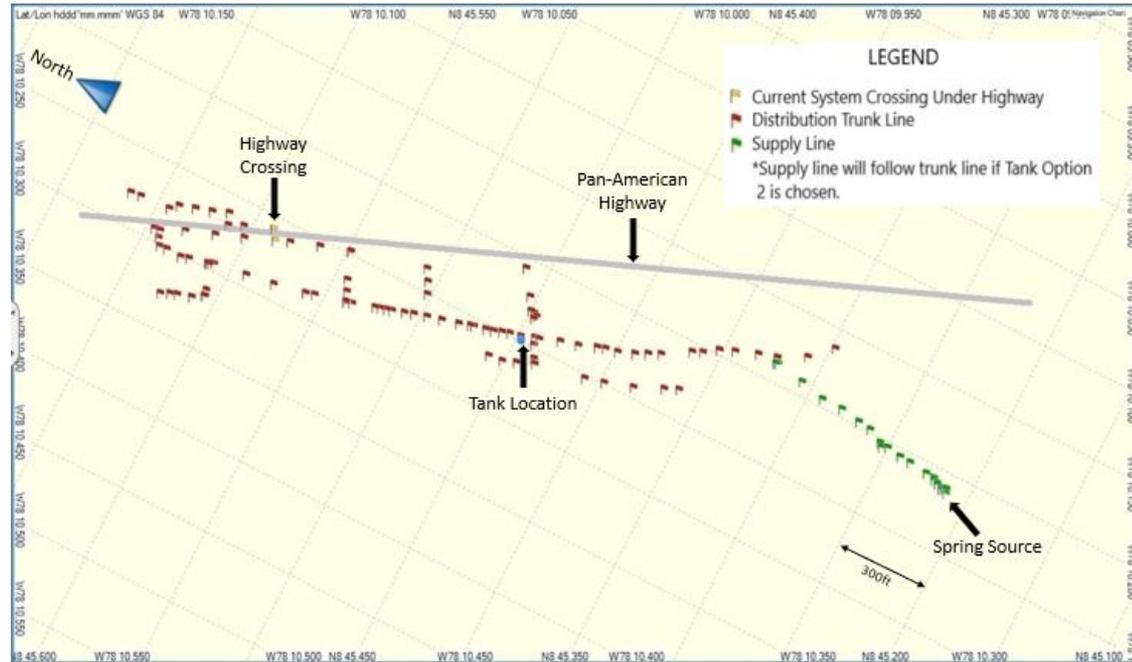
- Fundacion San Jose de las Canas (Foundation) System
  - Supplied by Rio Sabana (~ 50 km away)
  - Well-built and Established System (1994)
  - Supplies 13 communities
  - Embera Puru is at the end
  - *Problem:* System has been outgrown
- TRUNZ Ultrafiltration System
  - Supplied by remote spring source
  - Vandalized and abandoned 7 years ago
  - *Problem:* Inappropriate Technology



# Data Collection - Topographic Data

## Data Collection

- GPS Points
- Nikon RangeFinder
- Compass Bearing



# Data Collection - Soil Classification

## Tests:

- Settlement test on level surface: 1 minute, 1 hour and 24 hours
- Turbidity Test: Additional 4 days undisturbed
- Knife Test

## Results:

- High Silt and Clay Content

Table 1: Soil Sampling Results

Location	Percentage		
	Sand	Silt	Clay
Spring Source	17%	40%	43%
Tank Option #1	Inconclusive		



Hole for Sample at Spring Source



Knife Test at Spring Source

Photographs by Author

# Data Collection - Water Quality

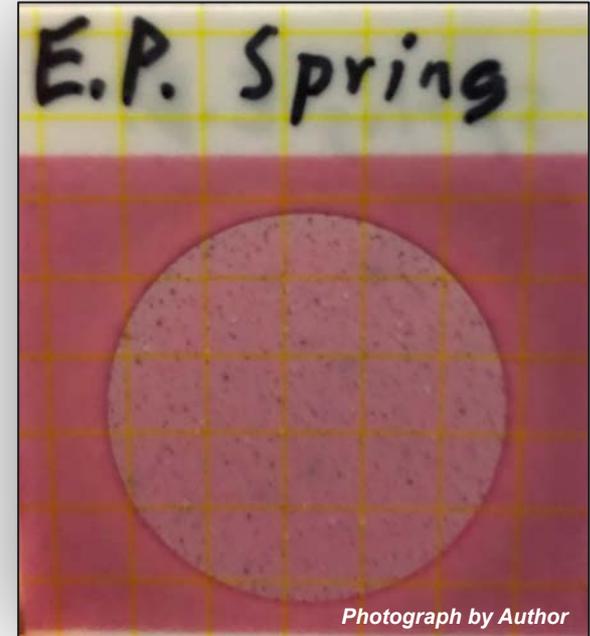
**Test:** Incubation on 3M Petrifilm Plates Coliform

**Results:**

- *Tap (existing Foundation system):* 0 coliform count, no settled solids
- *Spring Source:* coliform count of 12 per square or 240 total count, minimal settled solids

**Verification:**

- Consistent with Laboratory Observations



*Results of Spring Source*

# Design Phase



# Design Parameters - Criteria

- Appropriate Technology
- Mitigate Safety and Environmental Hazards
- Capacity Requirements
  - Current Design Population: 305 people (central community)
  - 15.85 gallons (60 liters)/person/day
  - 4% Population Growth Factor
  - 20 year projection
- Metered Distribution System
- Protective Barriers (i.e. fences, locks, etc.)



# Design Parameters - Constraints

- Viability of Spring Source
  - Spring Flow Rate
- Electrical Power Supply
  - Pumps
  - Control System



# Design Parameters - Assumptions

- Spring Source
  - Enough water to meet design criteria
  - Flow Rate: Minimum 7.9 GPM
  - Minimum Water Output: 10,600 gallons per day
- Household Height
  - 7-ft above ground elevation

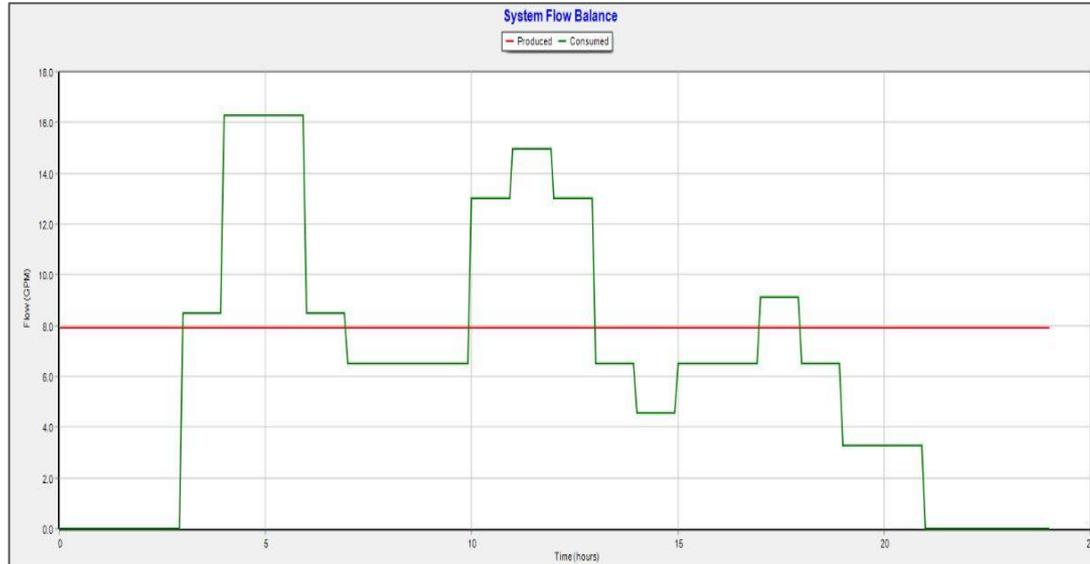


*Example of Elevated Houses*



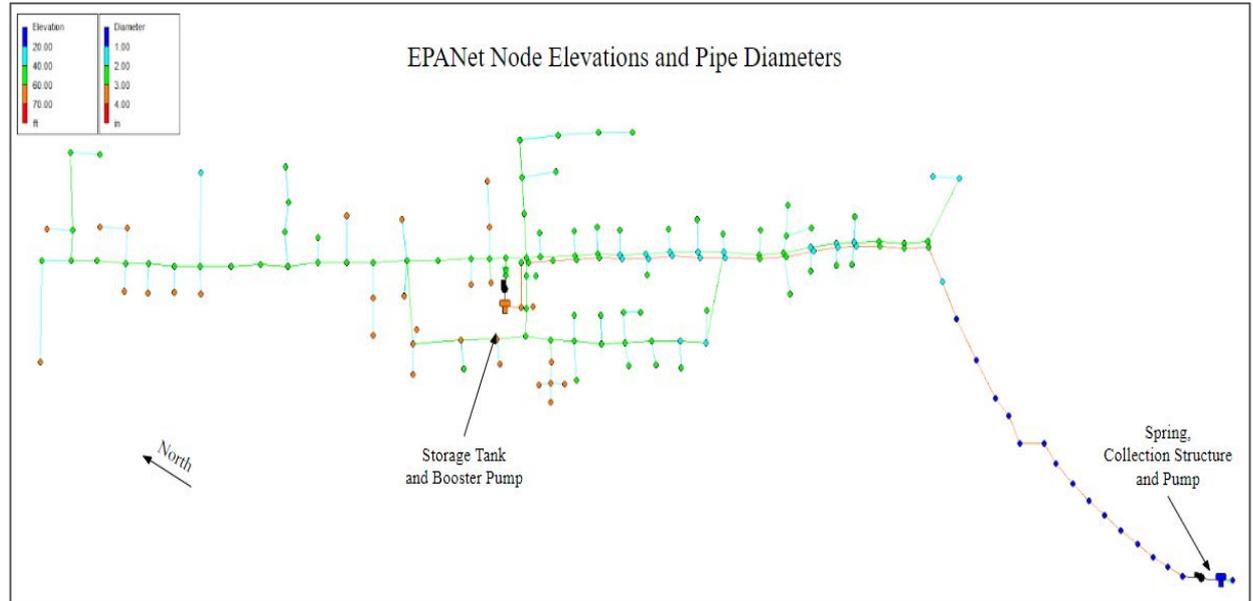
# System Analysis - Water Balance

- **Projected Population:** 670 people in 20 years (4% growth from current)
  - 7.9 gpm needed to maintain storage tank level
  - 10,600 gallons total usage



# System Analysis - EPANet Model

- **Design:**
  - Tank Capacity
  - Pipe Sizing
  - Pump Locations
- **Analyses:**
  - Head
  - Pressure

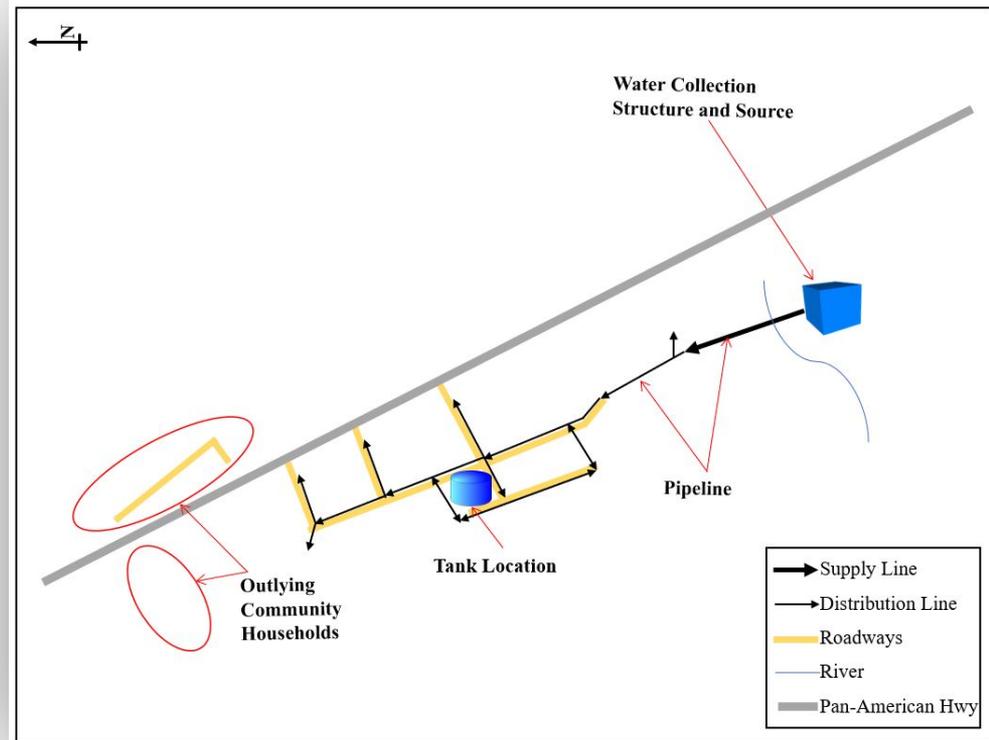


*EPANet Model Showing Node Elevations and Pipe Diameters*

# Design Overview: Emberá Puru

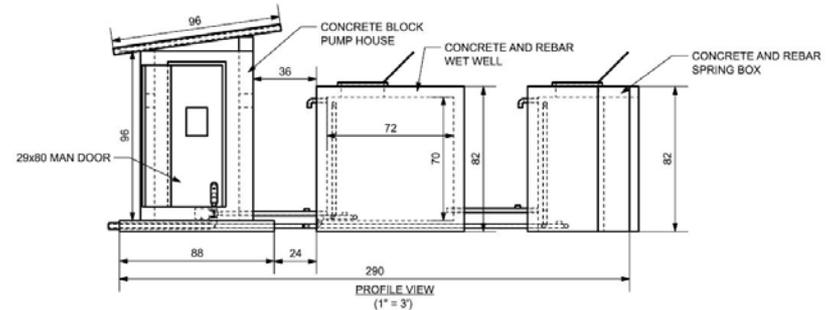
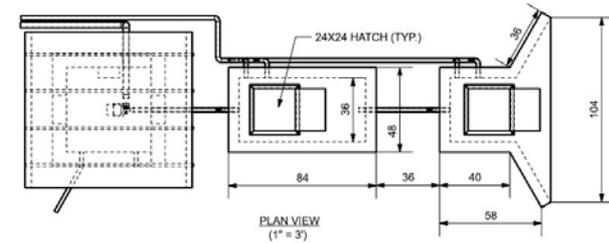
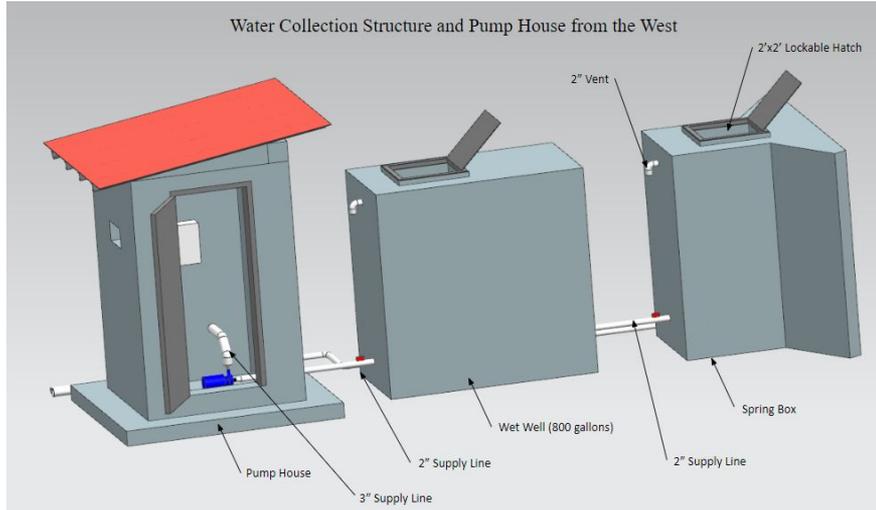
## ● Design Components:

- Water Collection Structure
- Pump Stations
- Electrical Supply
- River Crossing
- Water Storage Tank
- Water Treatment
- Supply and Distribution Pipelines



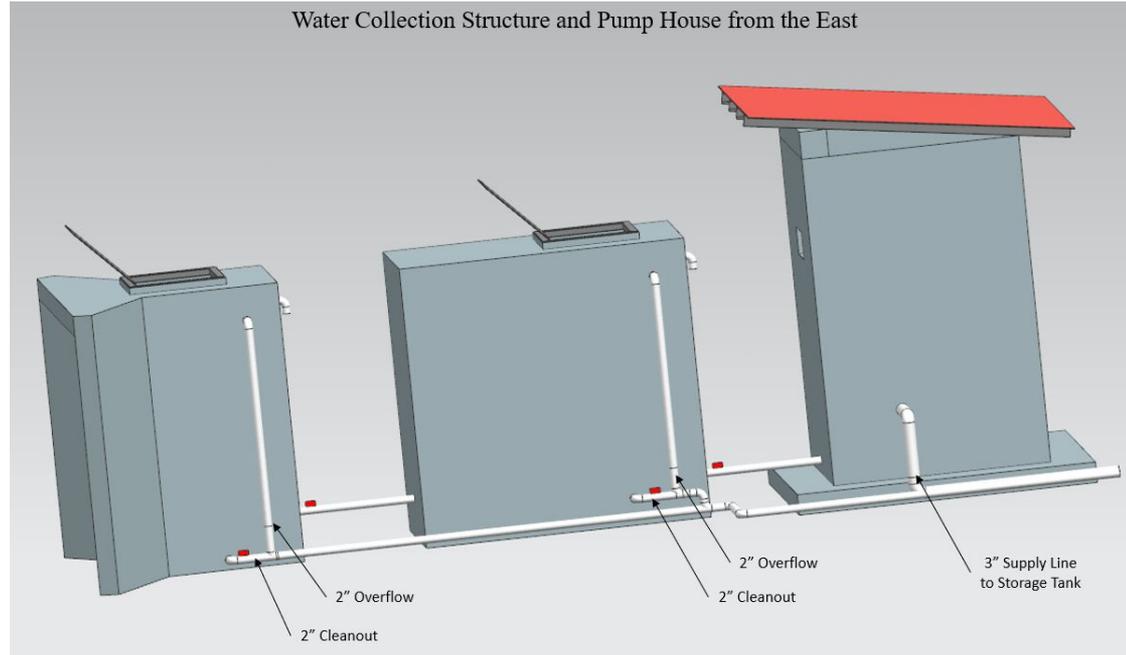
# Water Collection Structure

- **Catchment**: Collect water from Spring
- **Wet Well**: Provide buffer for Pumping
- ***Feeder Pipe*** with Roughing Filter



# Water Collection Structure

- **Control Accessories:**
  - Clean-out and Overflow Pipeline
  - Vent Pipes
  - Shut-off Valves
- **Hatch:** Lockable access for Maintenance



# Pump & Pump Station

## Pump at Source:

- *Purpose:* Deliver water to tank
- Centrifugal Pump
- One-stage Pumping
- Single-phase



*Recommended Centrifugal Pump*

## Pump at Water Tank:

- *Purpose:* Deliver water to taps
- Booster Pump
- Maintains 20-30psi



*Recommended Booster Pump*

- **9-panel Solar Array:** Power Supply at Spring
- **Pad-mounted Control Box:** Electrical Controls
  - Required Voltage: 115 V
  - Minimum Required Amperage (Spring): 15 A
  - Minimum Required Amperage (Tank): 20A



*Recommended Solar Array with Battery Pack*



*Recommended Pump Control Box*

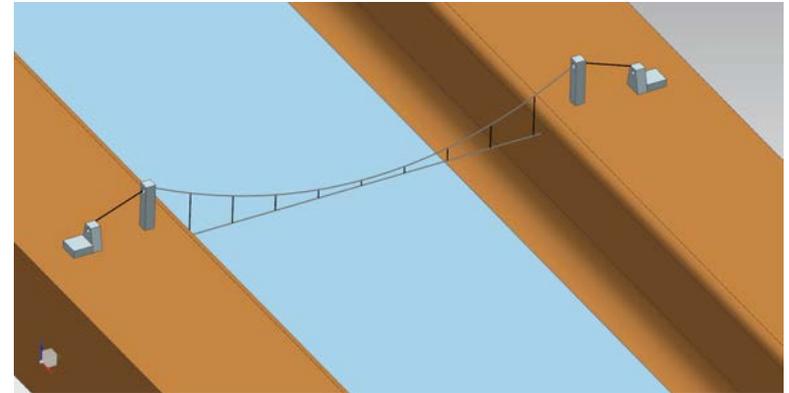
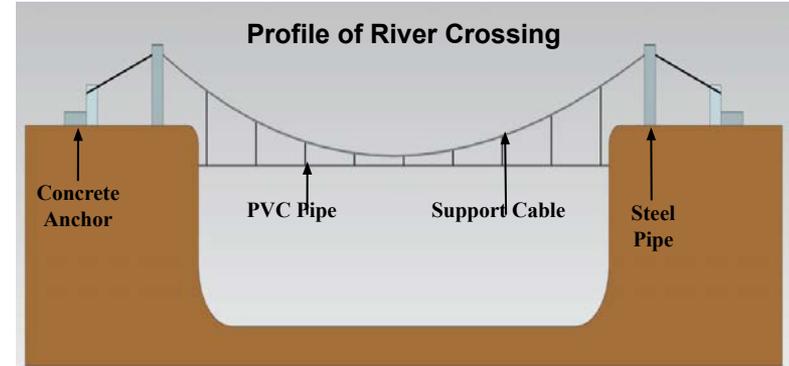
## Suspension Bridge Design:

Support Supply Line and Electrical Conduit

- Pipe Span: 36-ft

## Fixtures - Tower and Anchor:

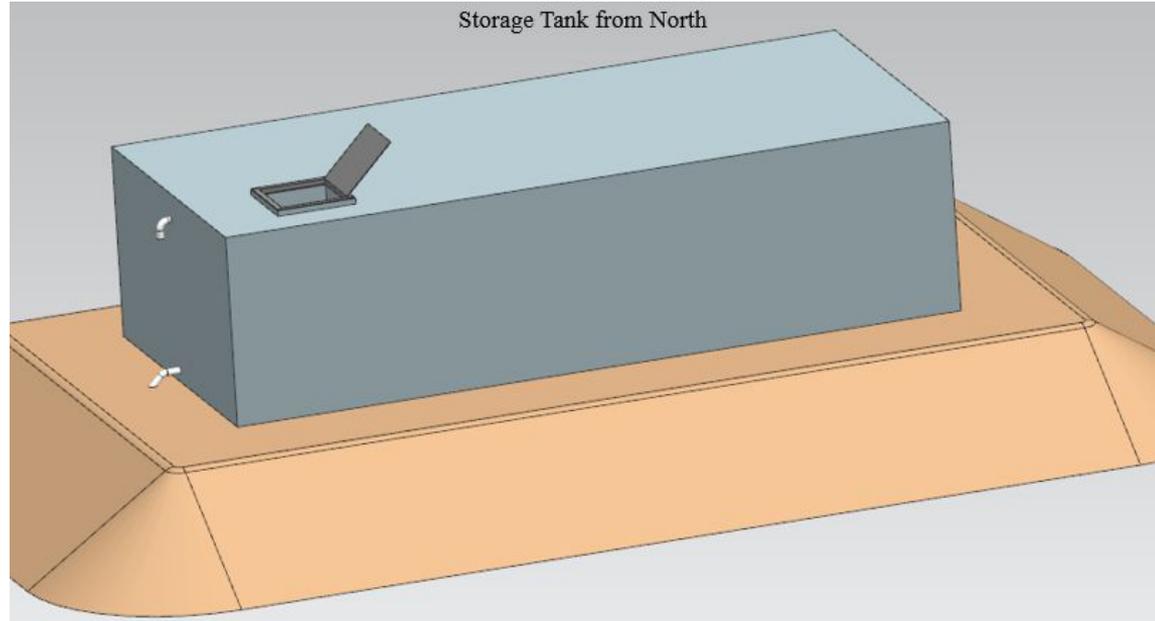
- Tower to Tower Span: 45-ft
- Tower Material: Steel Pipe Column
- Anchor Material: Reinforced Concrete
- Galvanized Vinyl Coated Steel Wire



*Conceptual Design for Pipe  
Bridge Across a Small River*

# Water Storage Tank and Treatment

- **Capacity:** 5,400 gallons
- **Foundation:** Earth-build to supply 3' head to pump
- **Hatch:** Lockable access for Maintenance

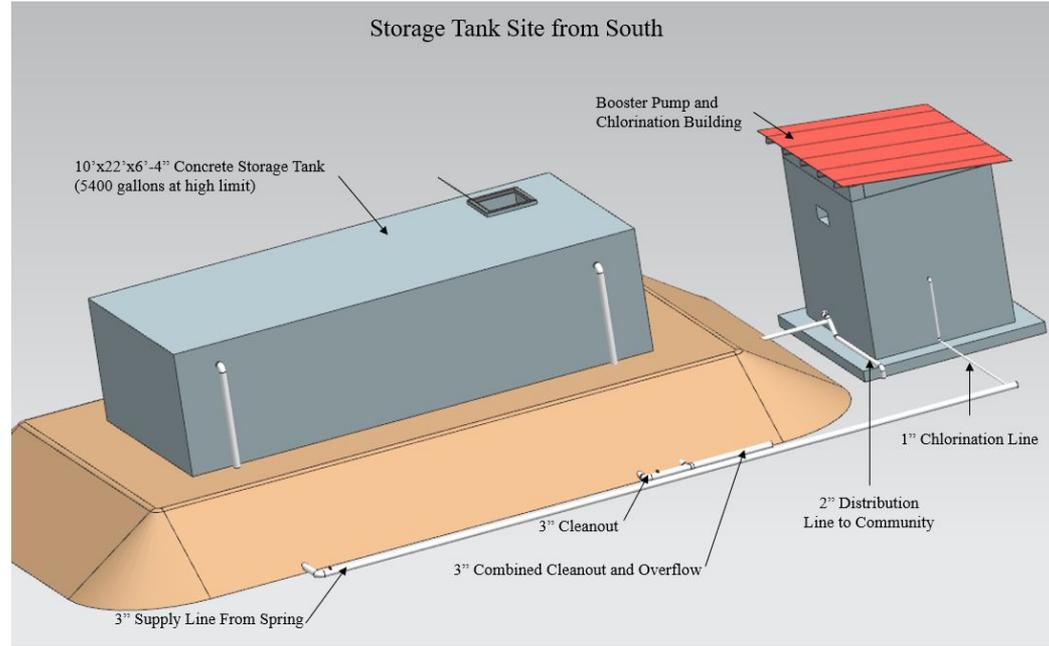


# Water Storage Tank and Treatment

- **Treatment:** Chlorine Injection
- **Required Contact Time:** 11 min



*Recommended Injection System*



# Supply Pipeline

## SDR 26 PVC Pipe

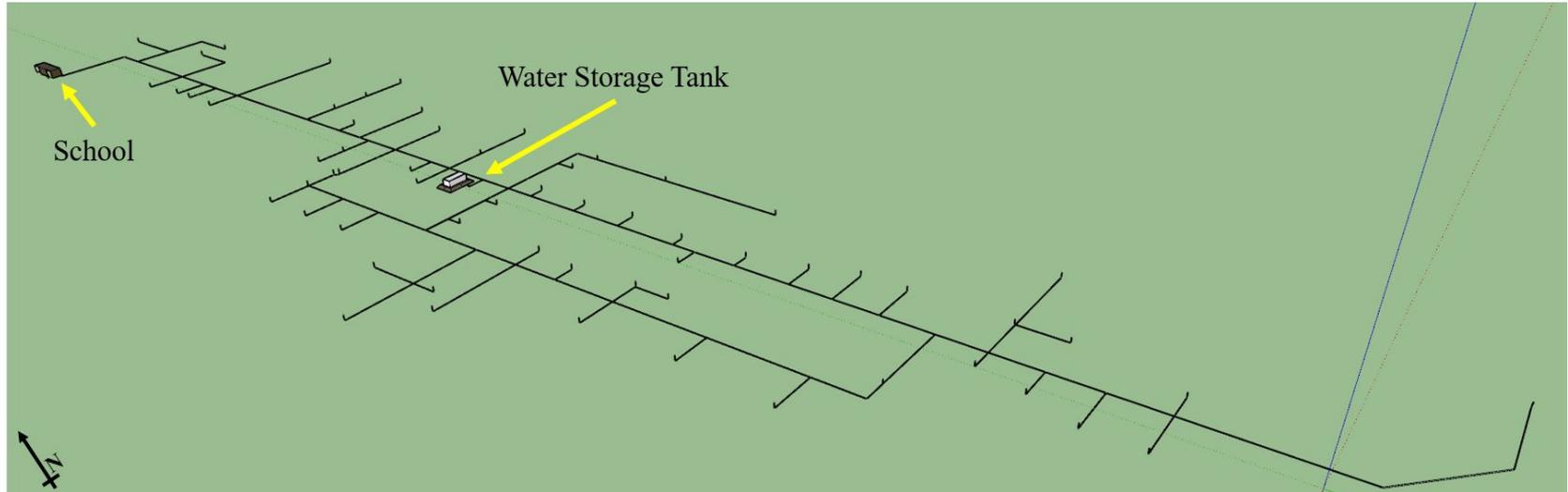
- 3" Pipe
- *Length: 1634-ft*
- *Burial Depth: 2-ft*



# Distribution Pipeline

## SDR 26 PVC Pipe:

- *Trunk:* 2" Pipe
- *Branches:* 1" Pipe
- *Spigot:* ½"



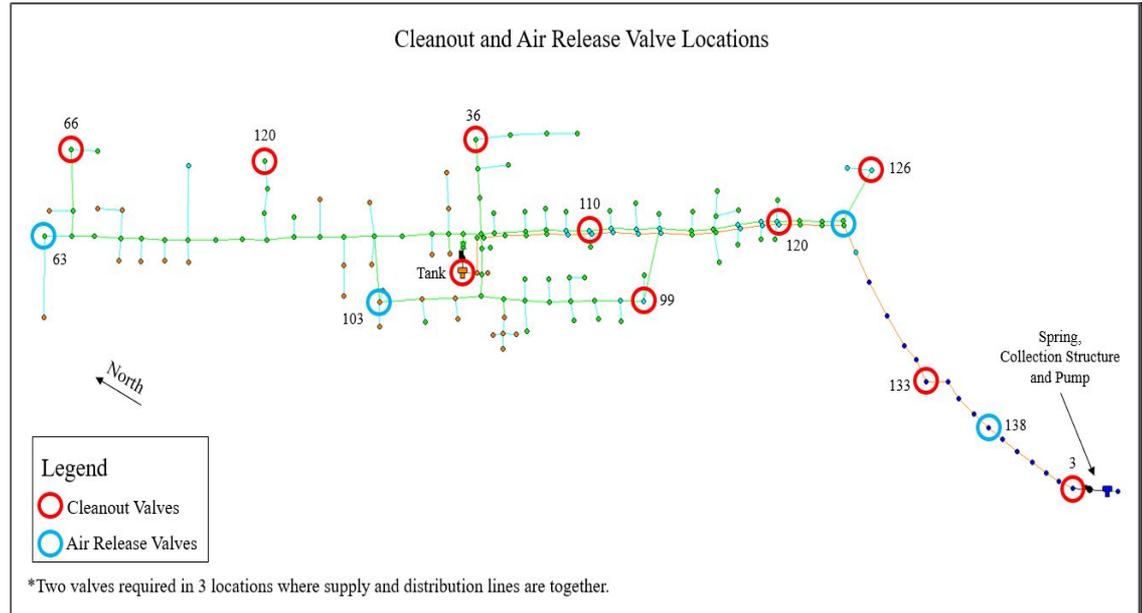
*Distribution System Layout of the Central Community (3D Model).*

# System Valves

- **Shut off Valves:** Central and Critical Locations
- **Cleanout Valves:** Local Low Elevations
- **Air Release Valves:** Local High Elevations



*Recommended Valve Box*

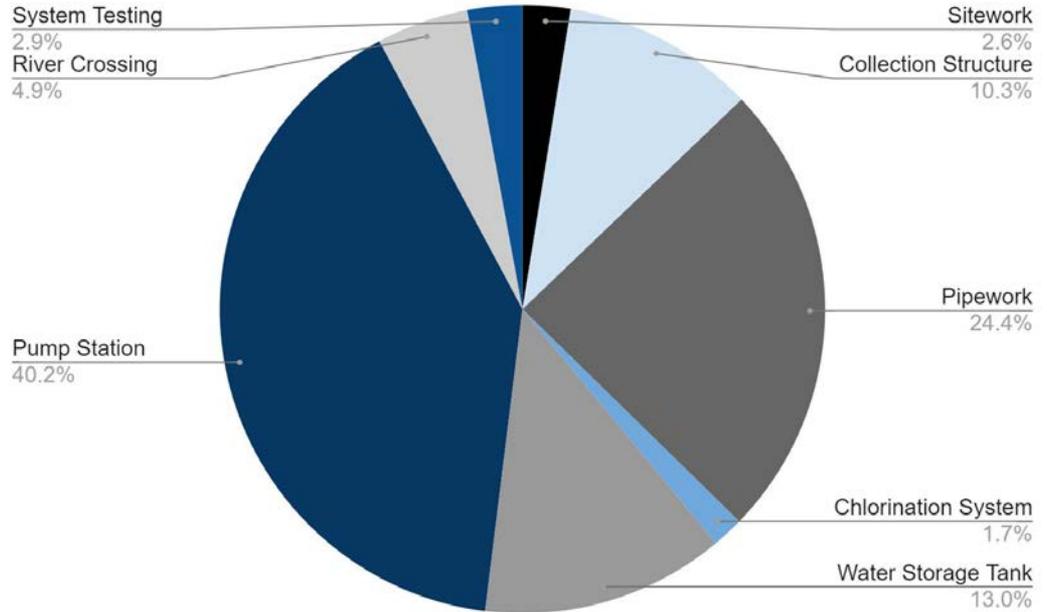


# Planning Phase



## Estimated Required Budget

- Full Labor: \$235,000
- Reduced Labor: \$69,000



*Cost Breakdown for Reduced Labor by Bid Package in US Dollars*

# Schedule



<b>Task Name</b>	<b>Duration of Task</b>
Project Start	0 days
Order Materials	2.25 days
Remove Ultrafiltration	1 day
Pipe Installation	136.5 days
Piping Complete	0 days
Build Water Collection Structure	38 days
Build Water Storage Structure	126 days
Storage Tank Complete	0 days
Install Fencing	8.25 days
Install Pump and Solar Array	2.25 days
Install Chlorination System	1.25 days
Electrical Work	8 days
Pre-Start Tasks	6.75 days
Project Complete	0 days
<b>Project Total Duration</b>	<b>208 days</b>

**Duration: 7 months**

*Construction Schedule extracted from Gantt Chart*

# Challenges



- Communication Barriers
  - Language Barrier with Community
  - Outstanding Action Items (4 months overdue)
- Unique Design and Conditions
  - Unknown Flow Rate
  - 2 Pumps
- Timeline & Alternatives



# Looking Forward



# Looking Forward

- Community Involvement
- Educating the Community
  - Rainwater vs. Treated Water
  - Importance of System Maintenance
  - Awareness of Water Scarcity
  - Disposal of Wastewater
- Operation and Maintenance
- Outstanding Action Items



# Acknowledgements



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- Mike Drewyor, PE & PS

## Field Advisor:

- Kiko de Melo e Silva

## Clients:



**Michigan Tech Faculty:** Dr. Ahlborn, Dr. Bulleit, Dr. Swartz, and Dr. Vitton

# Questions?

Thank You For Your  
Attention!

