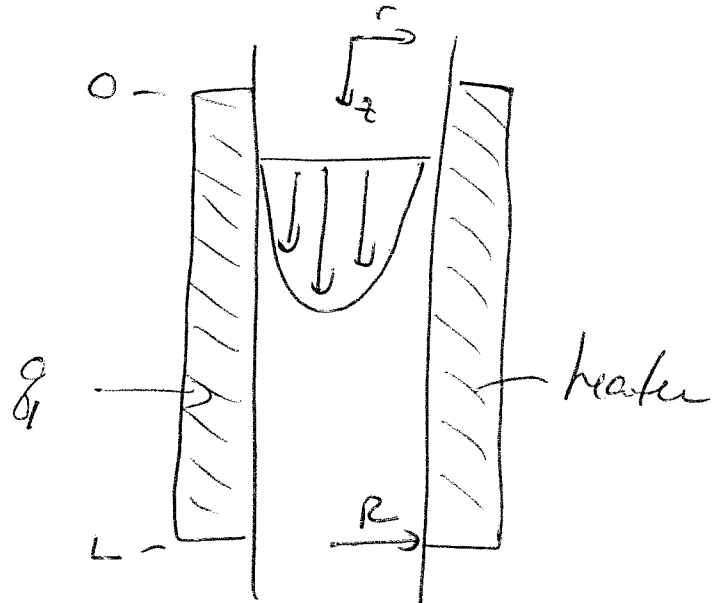
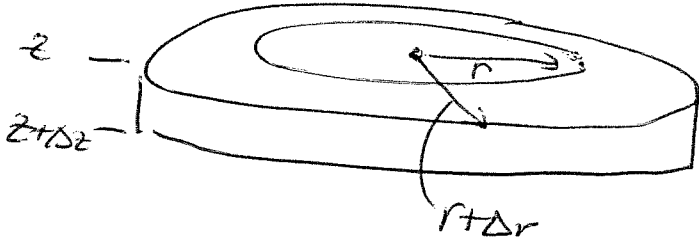


WALL HEATING IN LAMINAR FLOW:



Contributions:

- radial conduction - $T = T(r)$
 - axial conduction - $T = T(z)$
 - axial convection - $v_z \neq 0$
- note $q_r < 0$

radial conduction

$$\frac{q_r}{A} \Big|_r \quad 2\pi r \Delta z$$

heat in
at r

$$\frac{q_r}{A} \Big|_{r+\Delta r} \quad 2\pi (r+\Delta r) \Delta z$$

heat out
at
 $r+\Delta r$

NOTE:
ALWAYS
DO SMALLER
COORD.
FIRST,
increasing
 r .

axial conduction

approximate for
 $\pi(r+\Delta r)^2 - \pi r^2$
 $\approx 2\pi r \Delta r$

$$\frac{q}{A} \Big|_z \cdot 2\pi r \Delta r$$

heat in at z

$$\frac{q}{A} \Big|_{z+\Delta z} \cdot 2\pi r \Delta r$$

heat out at z

axial convection

$$\hat{H} \Big|_z \cdot \underbrace{\rho v_z 2\pi r \Delta r}_{\text{Volume / time}}$$

(enthalpy / mass) (mass / vol)

heat in at z

$$\hat{H} \Big|_{z+\Delta z} \cdot \rho v_z 2\pi r \Delta r$$

heat out at z

note: $\hat{H} = \int_{T_{ref}}^T \hat{C}_p dT$
 $= \hat{C}_p (T - T_{ref})$

combine

$$\frac{q_r}{A} \Big|_r 2\pi r \Delta z - \frac{q_r}{A} \Big|_{r+\Delta r} 2\pi (r+\Delta r) \Delta z$$

$$+ \frac{q_z}{A} \Big|_z 2\pi r \Delta r - \frac{q_z}{A} \Big|_{z+\Delta z} 2\pi r \Delta r$$

$$+ \rho v_z \hat{C}_p 2\pi r \Delta r (T|_z - T_{ref})$$

$$- \rho v_z \hat{C}_p 2\pi r \Delta r (T|_{z+\Delta z} - T_{ref}) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\left(\frac{q_r}{A} r \right)_{r+\Delta r} - \frac{q_r}{A} \Big|_r}{\Delta r} - \frac{\frac{q_z}{A} \Big|_{z+\Delta z} - \frac{q_z}{A} \Big|_z}{\Delta z}$$

$$- \frac{T|_{z+\Delta z} - T|_z}{\Delta z} \rho \hat{C}_p v_z = 0$$

(4)

take limit as $\Delta r, \Delta z \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{q_r}{A} r \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{q_z}{A} \right) + \rho \hat{C}_p V_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = 0$$



$$\frac{q_r}{A} = -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{q_z}{A} = -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial r} r \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{\rho \hat{C}_p}{k} V_z(r) \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = 0$$

Solve w/ BC's

See R. Siegel

E.M. Sparrow

T.M. Hallman

Appl Science Research

A7 384-392 (1958)

or,

Bird, Stewart, Lightfoot

Transport Phenomena

1960 p295.

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