

The **Equation of Energy** in Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates for Newtonian fluids of constant density, with source term S . Source could be electrical energy due to current flow, chemical energy, etc. Two cases are presented: the general case where thermal conductivity may be a function of temperature (vector flux $\tilde{q} = \underline{q}/A$ appears in the equations); and the more usual case, where thermal conductivity is constant.

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Microscopic energy balance, in terms of flux; Gibbs notation

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + \underline{v} \cdot \nabla T \right) = -\nabla \cdot \tilde{q} + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, in terms of flux; Cartesian coordinates

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + v_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) = - \left(\frac{\partial \tilde{q}_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tilde{q}_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tilde{q}_z}{\partial z} \right) + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, in terms of flux; cylindrical coordinates

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} + v_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) = - \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial(r \tilde{q}_r)}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \tilde{q}_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \tilde{q}_z}{\partial z} \right) + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, in terms of flux; spherical coordinates

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi} \right) = - \left(\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial(r^2 \tilde{q}_r)}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial(\tilde{q}_\theta \sin \theta)}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial \tilde{q}_\phi}{\partial \phi} \right) + S$$

Fourier's law of heat conduction, Gibbs notation: $\tilde{q} = -k \nabla T$

Fourier's law of heat conduction, Cartesian coordinates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{q}_x \\ \tilde{q}_y \\ \tilde{q}_z \end{pmatrix}_{xyz} = \begin{pmatrix} -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \\ -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \\ -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \end{pmatrix}_{xyz}$$

Fourier's law of heat conduction, cylindrical coordinates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{q}_r \\ \tilde{q}_\theta \\ \tilde{q}_z \end{pmatrix}_{xyz} = \begin{pmatrix} -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \\ -\frac{k}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \\ -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta z}$$

Fourier's law of heat conduction, spherical coordinates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{q}_r \\ \tilde{q}_\theta \\ \tilde{q}_\phi \end{pmatrix}_{xyz} = \begin{pmatrix} -k \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \\ -\frac{k}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \\ -\frac{k}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi} \end{pmatrix}_{r\theta\phi}$$

The **Equation of Energy** for systems with **constant k**

Microscopic energy balance, constant thermal conductivity; Gibbs notation

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + \underline{v} \cdot \nabla T \right) = k \nabla^2 T + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, constant thermal conductivity; Cartesian coordinates

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + v_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) = k \left(\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right) + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, constant thermal conductivity; cylindrical coordinates

$$\rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} + v_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) = k \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right) + S$$

Microscopic energy balance, constant thermal conductivity; spherical coordinates

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \hat{C}_p \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi} \right) \\ = k \left(\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \phi^2} \right) + S \end{aligned}$$

Reference: F. A. Morrison, "Web Appendix to *An Introduction to Fluid Mechanics*," Cambridge University Press, New York, 2013. On the web at www.chem.mtu.edu/~fmorriso/IFM_WebAppendixCD2013.pdf