

Previous class

- Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSPs)
- Map coloring problem

Today

Continue with solving CSPs

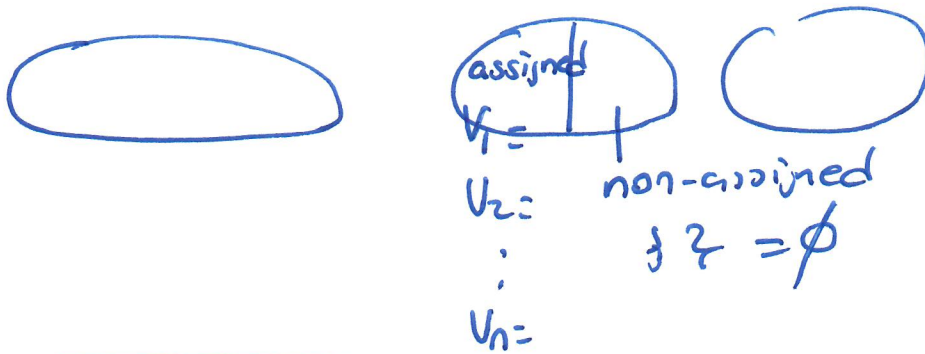
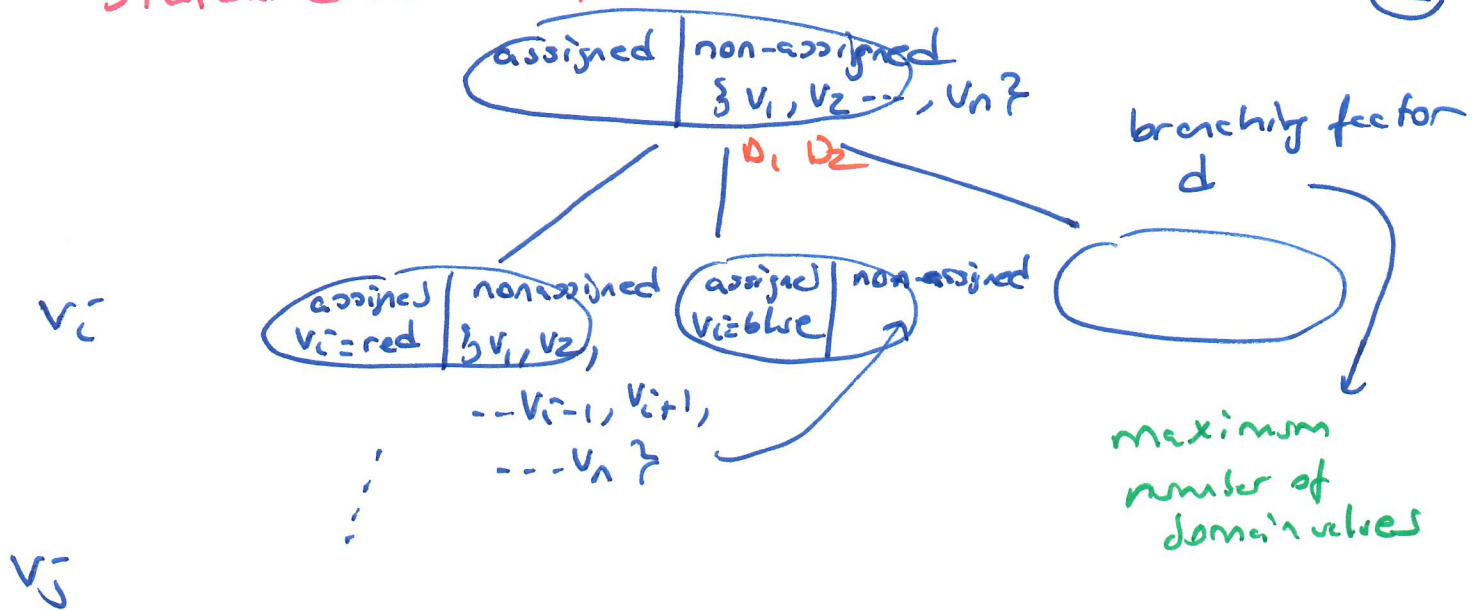
A CSP is a "standardized" search problem.
 problem definition $\rightarrow$ search process

A CSP :

- a set of variables $\{V_1, V_2, \dots, V_n\}$
 (finite)
- for each variable: domain
 $D_1, D_2, \dots, D_n$
- set of constraints
 (finite)
 minimal case is binary constraints
 (between two variables)
 a unary constraint simply restricts
 the domain
- goal test
 - all the variables are assigned
 - all the constraints are satisfied

standard search process

(2)



the goal is going to be at level n

number of variables

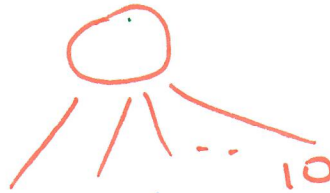
plain DFS will work fine in most cases

How to find the sol faster

$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

not really an A* style.

- which variable should be assigned next
most constrained variable
choose the variable with the
fewest legal values
which variable is V_c ?



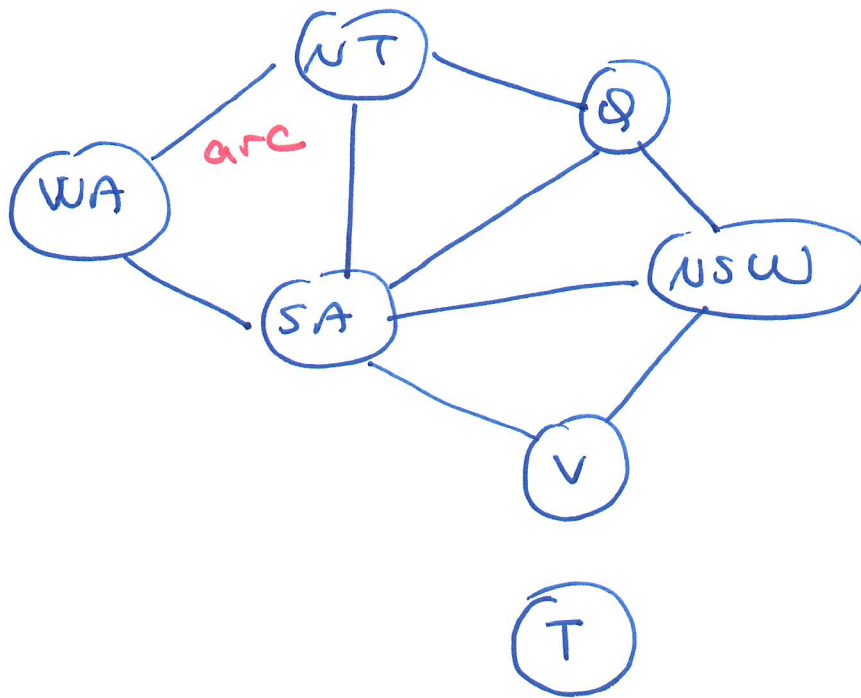
tiebreaker: most constraining variable



- least constraining value
value that rules out fewest values
among remaining variables
(value that enables more values
among remaining variables)

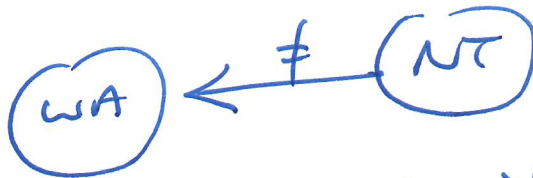
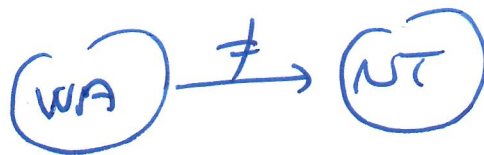
- forward checking
we reduce the domains of ^{the} variables
that have not been assigned yet.

4



a constraint graph

$$a + b = c$$



$X \rightarrow Y$ is consistent iff

An arc (directed)

for every value of X there is a possible value in Y 's domain.

(5)

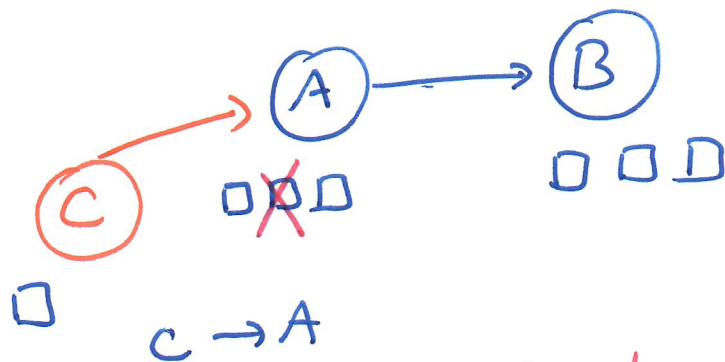
$$V_1 \rightarrow V_2$$

$$V_1 \rightarrow V_2$$

$$V_2 \rightarrow V_1$$

⋮

} check all of
them for
arc consistency



~~constraint graph~~ constraint graph with n nodes
binary

how many arcs can we have?
(edges)

not more than a fully connected graph
 $O(n^2)$

$$n^2 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_1 \rightarrow V_2 \\ V_2 \rightarrow V_1 \\ \vdots \\ V_{n-1} \rightarrow V_n \end{array} \right.$$

d values in their domain
for each arc:
check consistency

$$V_i \rightarrow V_j$$

↓
for each value d
anything in V_j 's domain?

$$V_i: r, g, b$$

$$V_j: r, g, b$$

(6)

so far:

cost of arc consistency

$$n^2 d^2$$

addition of repeated arc consistency
checks.