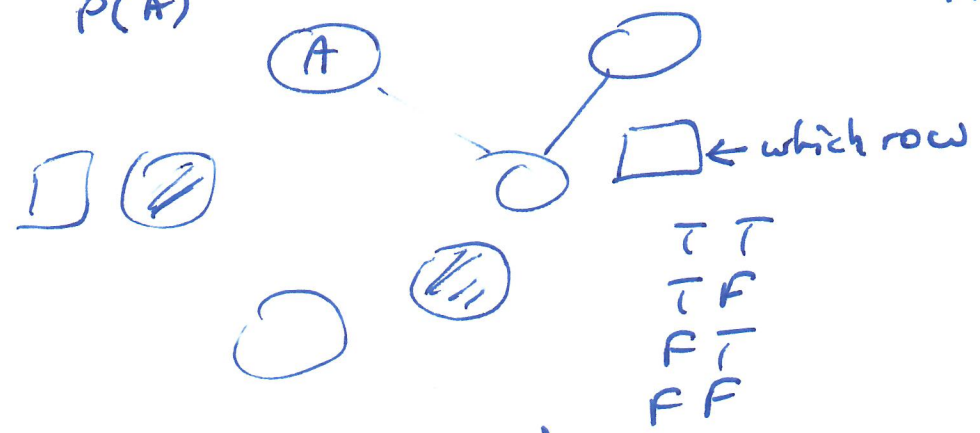


$\langle 0.67, 0.33 \rangle$

$P(A)$



$P(v_1, \dots, v_n)$

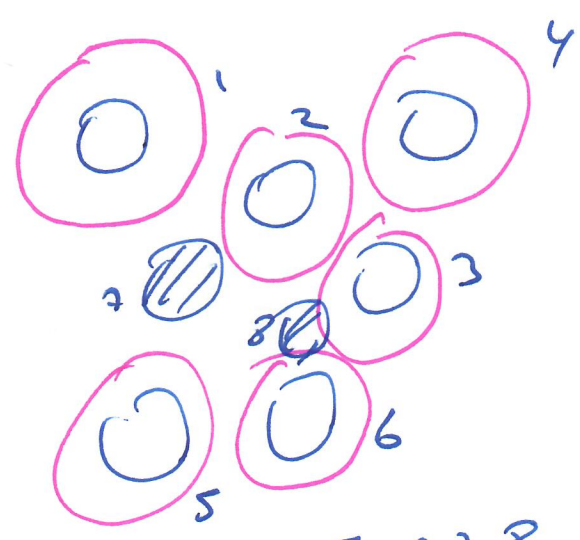
$[v_1$

$]w$

N

$[$

$]w$



step 1:

$[\begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ t & f & t & f & t & f & t & f \end{matrix}]$

step 2:

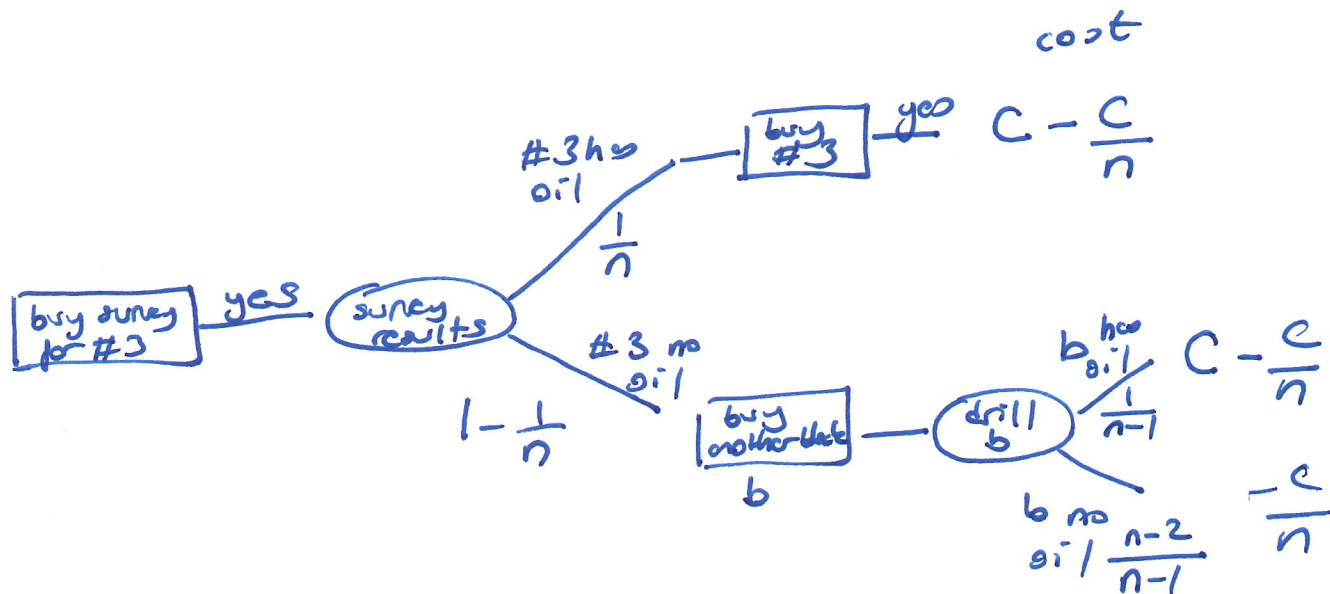
sample for a variable: v_1
 $[f \quad f \quad t \quad f \quad t \quad f \quad t \quad f]$

step 3:

sample for another variable: v_2
 $[f \quad f \quad t \quad f \quad t \quad f \quad t \quad f]$

CS5811 Worksheet - Value of information

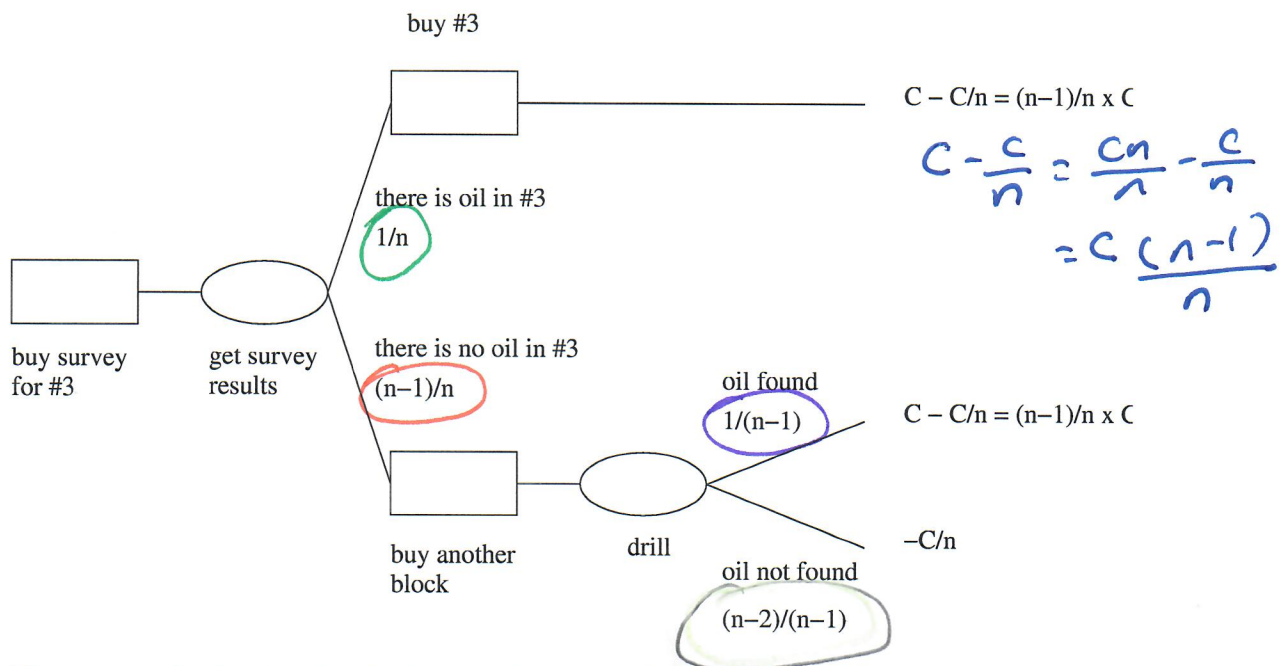
- n blocks, C worth of oil in exactly one block, each block C/n dollars
- A seismologist offers the company the results of a survey of block number 3, which indicates definitely whether the block contains oil.
- How much should the company be willing to pay for the information?



b has oil: the probability is $\frac{1}{n-1}$ → block has oil
 → number of remaining blocks after picking out cost #3

CS5811 Worksheet - Value of information

- n blocks, C worth of oil in exactly one block, each block C/n dollars
- A seismologist offers the company the results of a survey of block number 3, which indicates definitely whether the block contains oil.
- How much should the company be willing to pay for the information?



The expected value (profit) for buying the survey for block 3:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \times \frac{(n-1)C}{n} + \frac{(n-1)}{n} \times \frac{1}{(n-1)} \times \frac{(n-1)C}{n} + \frac{(n-1)}{n} \times \frac{(n-2)}{(n-1)} \times \frac{-C}{n} \\ &= \frac{(n-1)C}{n^2} + \frac{(n-1)C}{n^2} + \frac{(n-2) \times (-C)}{n^2} \\ &= \frac{C(n-1+n-1-n+2)}{n^2} = \frac{Cn}{n^2} = \frac{C}{n} \end{aligned}$$

