



Subject: Ecology

Rigor and Relevance Quadrant _____

Topic: Coughing Up Clues

Objectives: Distinguish between the way organisms obtain energy, Describe common patterns of relationships among populations (predator/prey), Predict how changes in one population might affect other populations based on relationship in ecosystem

Standards & Benchmarks addressed:

- L.OL.06.51 and 06.52, L.EC.06.23

Action	Pacing	Reading Strategies	Writing Strategies	Technology Integration
Phase 1: Engage				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mr. Winkler coughs up pellet (sucker sticks, bran, raisins...) 2. Display poster of owl – ask “What does this animal need to live?” and “How does this animal eat?” 3. YouTube video of owl 4. Read p. E-38 as whole group 		Popcorn Clarify Summarize		YouTube.com on video cart
Phase 2: Explore				
Owl Pellet investigation – in pairs P. E-39 in text. Store Pellets/Bones if not complete			Sketch in journal	
Phase 3: Explain				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use E-41 – E-42 pages to discuss with Accountable Talk. Student write answers to Content/Inquiry 2. Create graph on E-42. Include line for mice population and owl predators 3. Vocabulary 			Write answer to content/ inquiry	

Phase 4: Elaborate				
1. Glue/cardboard the bones together		2 articles on Intro. species	Poster	Inspiration PowerPoint Lap Top research
2. Students create a possible food web of the Riverside Owl (poster or PowerPoint)				
3. Research the food web on Intro species (Big Head Carp, Lamprey, Zebra Mussels)				
Phase 5: Evaluate				
1. Journal Entries – Content/Inquiry and graphing			Exit Slip	Laptop for presentation
2. Exit Pass for Day 1 – “What does this animal eat?” and/or questions unanswered				
3. Informal during Accountable Talk				
4. Present in pairs food web and glues sample of prey				

Materials Needed:

- Owl poster
- Short clip on owls
- Textbooks
- Owl pellets (1 for pair)
- Petri dish (18)
- Pointed sticks
- Glue
- Cardboard
- Laptops
- 2 articles on invasive species

DL Question:

What would happen if the owl’s energy source disappeared?
 How do owl’s affect other organisms within a habitat?
 What information is provided by owl pellets?

Learning Activities and Teacher Questions	Expected Student Reactions	Teacher Support	Points of Evaluation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Mr. Winkler cough up pellet ➤ Teacher displays poster of owl and shows clip of owls (5 min) ➤ “What does this animal need to live?” “How does it eat?” (5 min) ➤ Introduce DL question ➤ Students read page E-38 (5 min) ➤ Owl Pellet Activity <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Student role and purpose stated (5 min) 2. Go through procedure on pg. E-39 (25-30 min) 3. Complete procedure and store in bag if not completed ➤ Pg. E-41 – 42 to discuss with accountable talk and take out bags of stored bones ➤ Hand out graph with number of owls and time to each student 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Gain interest and prior knowledge ➤ Write answers in journal ➤ Whole group (random choice) ➤ Each student gather supplies designated ➤ In pairs will follow procedure ➤ Discuss/write and participate in class discussion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Pressing for clarification ➤ Challenge students ➤ Reading strategies – clarification, paraphrasing, AT ➤ Monitor students for accuracy ➤ Facilitate, linking contributions, pressing and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Journal entry ➤ Rewards first group ready with auction money

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Word bank – population, predator, prey, food web, energy ➤ Instruct students to glue bones onto skeleton page. Be sure to be accurate, use pg. E-40 as reference ➤ Students create food web of “Riverside Owl” on poster or PowerPoint ➤ Extension: students research and create a food web for introduced species 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Use knowledge to formulate a graph with population of prey over time and population of predators over time ➤ Write in their journals, students generate definitions ➤ To assemble skeletons creating full model ➤ Decide on poster or PowerPoint ➤ Create a possible food web for the “Riverside owl” ➤ Create food web 	<p>expanding for reasoning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Modeling, challenging students ➤ Marking, recapping, keeping everyone together ➤ Teacher wanders and offers help ➤ Modeling, press for accuracy, challenge, verify/clarify 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Graph contained in journals ➤ Check journal word bank for accuracy ➤ Teams present their bones and discuss difficulties *Challenge: Identify number of voles per pellet ➤ Presentation in class
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