#### MA2160 FINAL EXAM – Spring 2006 Non-Calculator Section

Name		ID	
	(please print)		

# Circle your section number and instructor's name:

Course	Section	Instructor	Days and Time
MA2160	R01	R. Kolkka	MWF 08:05
	R02	D. Yorgov	MWF 12:05
	R03	R. Kolkka	MWF 09:05
	R04	T. Grassl	MWF 08:05
	R05	S. Srinivasan	MWF 10:05
	R06	S. Tao	MWF 11:05
	R07	E. Westlund	MWF 11:05
	R08	M. Keranen	MWF 12:05
	R09	D. Lewandowski	MWF 02:05
	R10	A. Niu	MWF 02:05
	R11	L. Erlebach	MWF 03:05
	R12	L. Erlebach	MWF 04:05

Page	<u>Score</u>
1	/ 10
2	/ 10
3	/ 10
4	/ 10
5	/ 12
6	/ 10
7	/ 10
8	/ 12
SUBTOTAL	/ 84

Show all work. Calculators are NOT allowed on this section. Work this Non-Calculator part first. It must be turned in before you use your calculator on Part II

## MA2160 – Final Exam Spring 2006

**Non-Calculator Section** 

1. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx$ .

(5 pts)

2. Evaluate  $\int_1^2 2x(\ln(x))dx$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ (5 pts)

3. Evaluate  $\int_4^\infty \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} dx$ .

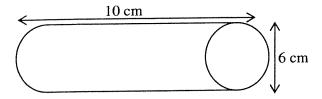
\_\_\_\_\_ (5 pts

4. Calculate the integral  $\int \frac{1}{(x+2)(x+3)} dx$ .

5. Find the solution y(x) to the differential equation  $x\frac{dy}{dx} = 4y$  subject to initial condition y(1) = 3.

(5 pts)

6. Find the volume of the solid cylinder below using integration.



(5 pts)

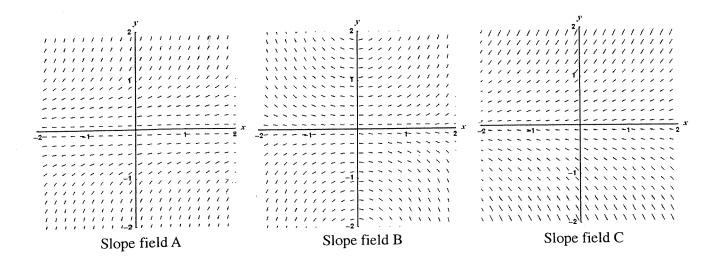
7. Find the sum of the series  $-1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} + \dots$ 



8. Write the 2<sup>nd</sup> degree Taylor polynomial approximation to the function  $x^{\frac{3}{2}}$  for values of x near x = 4. Show your work.

\_\_\_\_\_ (5 pts

- 9. Consider the slope fields given below.
  - a) Sketch the solution curve through the point (-1,-1) for each of the following slope fields. Extend each curve as far to the left and right as possible. (6 pts)



b) Match the slope fields from part (a) with the following differential equations: (6 pts)

Differential equation	Slope field
y'=y	
$y'=y^2$	
y' = xy	

i	interval	[0,1].	Use the	Lagrang	ge error	bound t	o find an	upper b	ound for	the approx	kimation er
		F , 1									
											( <b>5</b> 4)
								***************************************			(5 pts)

11. Trying to model the response to a stimulus, psychologists use the Weber-Fechner Law. This law states that the rate of change of a response, r, with respect to a stimulus, s, is inversely proportional to the stimulus. Model this law as a differential equation. Solve this differential equation with the initial condition that  $r(s_0) = r_0$ . Simplify your answer.

12. Use Euler's method with y(0) = 10 as the initial condition with 2 steps to estimate y when x = 1 for the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y + x$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ (5 pts)

13. Two like magnetic poles repel each other with a force  $F = \frac{k}{x^2}$  newtons, where k is a constant. Express the work needed to move them along a line from  $\frac{1}{3}$  meters apart to 1 meter apart.

\_\_\_\_\_ joules (5 pts)

14. Consider the vectors  $\overrightarrow{u} = 3\overrightarrow{i} + 2\overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{v} = \overrightarrow{i} - \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$ .

a) Find  $\overrightarrow{u} \times \overrightarrow{v}$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ (4 pts)

b) Find a unit vector in the direction of  $\overrightarrow{u}$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ (4 pts)

c) Compute the cosine of the angle between  $\overline{u}$  and  $\overline{v}$ .

(4 pts)

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	R12	L. Erlebach	MWF 04:05

Page	Score
1	/ 10
2	/ 06
SUBTOTAL	/ 16
Subtotal of	
non-calc	/ 84
section	
TOTAL	/ 100

Show all work. Calculators ARE allowed on this section.

### MA2160 – Final Exam Spring 2006

#### **Calculator Section**

1.	Write in the for	m  ax + by + cz = d	an equation	of a plane	which is	s perpendicular	to the	vector
	$3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - \vec{k}$ a	and contains the poir	nt $(0,1,-1)$ .					

\_\_\_\_\_ (5 pts)

2. Consider the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$ , x = 1, and the x-axis from x = 0 to x = 1. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating this region abut the line y = 1.

(5 pts)

3. A can of soda pop is put into a refrigerator that is kept at  $35^{\circ}F$ . The cooling of the can is modeled by Newton's law of cooling  $\frac{dh}{dt} = -k(h-35)$ . Solve the differential equation if the can was at  $80^{\circ}F$  when it was placed in the refrigerator and its temperature after 10 minutes is  $50^{\circ}F$ .