

MA3520 Struthers Sp2016 Exam 2:

Name Grading Key

Last day for me to look at these exams is Friday April 1st.

Show integrals etc. you enter in calculators.

Explain what you do. No imaginary numbers in answers.

desolve is not an acceptable technique. Read the instructions.

Use the back of a page to show additional work.

1. Solve  $\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{2}{t}P - t$   $P(3)=1$

$\frac{dP}{dt} - \frac{2}{t}P = -t$

$w(t) = e^{-2 \ln(t)} = t^{-2}$  (+5)

1st order linear

(+5)

$t^{-2} \frac{dP}{dt} - 2t^{-3}P = -t^{-1}$

$(Pt^{-2})' = -t^{-1}$  (+5)

$Pt^{-2} = -\int t^{-1} dt + C$

$Pt^{-2} = -\ln(t) + C$  (+5)

(1)  $3^{-2} = -\ln(3) + C$

$C = \frac{1}{9} + \ln(3)$  (+5)

Grading Notes:

- need correct sol to get I.C.
- spts Integrating Factor
- spts knowing what to do with I.F.
- spts each side integration and +C
- spts value of C

$C = 1.20972$  is ok

$$2. \text{ Solve } (y^2 e^{xy^2} + \cos(x)) dx = -\left(2xy e^{xy^2} + \frac{2}{4y^2+1}\right) dy$$

$$y(\pi/2) = 0$$

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total

$$m dx + N dy = 0$$

$$m = y^2 e^{xy^2} + \cos(x)$$

$$N = 2xy e^{xy^2} + \frac{2}{(2y)^2+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial m}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = 2y e^{xy^2} + y^2 2xy e^{xy^2} \quad (+5)$$

Exact

$$\frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = y^2 e^{xy^2} + \cos(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow s = e^{xy^2} + \sin(x) + g(y) \quad (+5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = 2xy e^{xy^2} + 0 + g'(y) = 2xy e^{xy^2} + \frac{2}{(2y)^2+1}$$

$$g'(y) = \frac{2}{(2y)^2+1} \quad (+5) \Rightarrow g(y) = \text{Arctan}\{2y\} \quad (+5)$$

$$e^{xy^2} + \sin(x) + \text{Arctan}\{2y\} = C$$

$$C = e^{(\pi/2) \cdot 0^2} + \sin(\pi/2) + \text{Arctan}\{0\} = 2 \quad (+5)$$

Grading Notes

- correct sol no test 2.5/2.5
- correct s no test 2.0/2.5
- need correct 7 for I.C.

3. Solve  $y' + 2xy = xe^{-x^2}$

1st order linear

$$w(x) = e^{x^2}$$

(+5)

Score / 25

$$e^{x^2}y' + 2xe^{x^2}y = xe^{-x^2}e^{x^2} = x$$

(+5)

$$(e^{x^2}y)' = x$$

(+5)

$$e^{x^2}y = \int x dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$\boxed{e^{x^2}y = \frac{x^2}{2} + C}$$

(+10)

Grading Notes

4. Use Euler method to obtain a 4 decimal approximation of  $y(2.3)$  for  $xy' = -2y + 1$  with  $y(2.2) = 0.1$ .  
 First use  $h = 0.1$  and then  $h = 0.05$ . The solution of the IVP is  $y = 0.5 - 1.936x^{-2}$

Score / 25

$x_n$	$y_n$	Actual Value	Abs Error	% Relative Error
2.20				
2.30	+5			

$x_n$	$y_n$	Actual Value	Abs Error	% Relative Error
2.20				
2.25	(+5)			
2.30	(+5)			

	$x_n$	$y_n$	Actual Value	Abs. Error	%Relative Error
1	2.2	0.1	0.1	0.	0.
2	2.3	0.136364	0.134026	0.00233717	1.74381

	$x_n$	$y_n$	Actual Value	Abs. Error	%Relative Error
1	2.2	0.1	0.1	0.	0.
2	2.25	0.118182	0.11758	0.000601571	0.511626
3	2.3	0.135152	0.134026	0.00112505	0.839424

*Grading notes*

- 5 pts for each non-trivial # in  $x_n$  col
- 5 pts for all values in Actual value column
- need everything else correct to get remaining points