## CALL C From MATLAB

Ling Guo, Kaixian Yu, Yilin Dai

#### CALL C From MATLAB

- Matlab functions written in C are called MEX-files.
- MEX stands for Matlab EXectuable.
- the Interface to MATLAB :
   On windows these files have the extension .dll
- Why CALL C From MATLAB
- 1. To use pre-existing function
- 2. Increase speed

## mxArray

- In C, the Matlab array is declared to be of type mxArray, which is a structure.
- The structure contains:

Its type.

Its dimensions.

The data associated with the array.

If numeric, whether real or complex.

If sparse, its nonzero indices.

If a structure or object, more info.

### Components of MEX Files

A MEX-file consists of two distinct parts:

1. A computational routine: code that does what function is supposed to do.

2. A gateway routine: code that interfaces the computational routine with MATLAB.

(The main() function is replaced with mexFunction.)

- mexFunction arguements:
  - nlhs: The number of lhs (output) arguments.
  - plhs: Pointer to an array which will hold the output data,
     each element is type mxArray.
  - nrhs: The number of rhs (input) arguments.
  - prhs: Pointer to an array which holds the input data, each element is type const mxArray.

# MATLAB Call the MEX-file function: Ans=myfit(data)

Pass the "data" to the MEX file

```
Myfit.c
void mexFunction(
int nlhs, mxArray *plhs[],
int nrhs, const mxArray *prhs[])
{
the gateway routine:
Create the input from outside
The computational routine:
Do its job
the gateway routine:
Passing the output data back
as function parameter
}
```

On return from MEX file:

Ans=myfit(data)

Pass the "Ans" to the M- file

#### Reference

- Writing C functions in Matlab(MEX-Files)
   Jason Laska, http://cnx.org/content/m12348/latest/
- Calling C from Matlab:introduction
   Andreas Uhl ,http://www.cosy.sbg.ac.at/~uhl/C-matlab.pdf